

CBCS SCHEME

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20SCS14

First Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Advanced Algorithm

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- List and explain the various asymptotic notations with example. (10 Marks)
 - With a neat sketch, explain the recursion tree method to determine a good asymptotic upper bound on the recurrence $T(n) = T(n/3) + T(2n/3) + cn$ and verify the result by substitution method. (10 Marks)

OR

- Define aggregate analysis. Write algorithm for incrementing a binary counter and apply the aggregate analysis for the same. (09 Marks)
 - Explain how to solve recurrence using master method. Solve the below recurrence using master theorem. $T(n) = 3T[n/4] + n \lg n$ (06 Marks)
 - Write a short note on :
 - Floor and ceilings
 - Exponential. (05 Marks)

Module-2

- Write and explain Dijkstra's algorithm. Apply the algorithm for the following graph taking 's' as source vertex. (12 Marks)

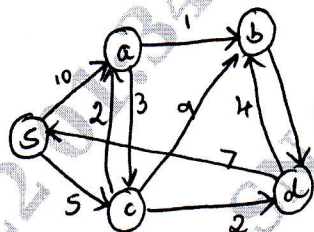


Fig Q3(a)

(12 Marks)

- Explain the properties of flow networks. (08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

OR

- Write and explain recursive FFT algorithm. Also determine its running time. (10 Marks)
 - Write Johnson algorithm. Use same to find shortest path between all pairs of vertices in the graph given in Fig Q4(b) (10 Marks)

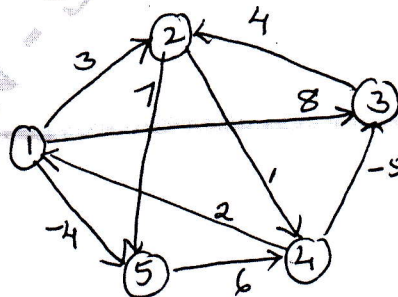


Fig Q4(b)

(10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, $42+8=50$, will be treated as malpractice.

Module-3

- 5 a. Write and explain the Miller – Robin primality testing. (10 Marks)
 b. Explain extended form of Euclid's algorithm to compute GCD of two numbers. Compute the values (d, x, y) that call extended Euclid $(99, 78)$ returns and prove $d = \gcd(a, b) = ax + by$. (10 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. What is the use of public key cryptosystem? Explain RSA public key cryptosystem. (10 Marks)
 b. Define group, when it is called abelian group? Give a table for group operation multiplication modulo 15 and show that it is an abelian group. (10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. With an algorithm, explain the working procedure of Rabin-Karp for string matching. Discuss its time efficiency. (10 Marks)
 b. Explain Finite automata – Matcher algorithm and construct the string matching automation for the pattern $P = ababaca$ and illustrate o text string $T = abababacaba$. (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Explain Bayes – Moore algorithm for string matching. Trace the algorithm for the following text and pattern. Text: BESS_KNEW_ABOUT_BAOBABS, Pattern: BAOBAB. (10 Marks)
 b. Define finite automata. Explain the state transition diagram for the pattern $P = ababaca$ and illustrate its operation as the text string $T = abababacaba$. Also give the algorithm for computing transition function. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Discuss how to randomize the deterministic algorithm by considering the following problems.
 i) Linear searching algorithm ii) Quick sort algorithm. (10 Marks)
 b. With algorithm explain Monte Carlo algorithm for testing polynomial equality with suitable example. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain in detail the Miller-Rabin randomized primality testing algorithm. (10 Marks)
 b. Define probabilistic algorithms? Discuss four types with suitable example. (10 Marks)
